Building Tobacco-Smoke Free cities: Lessons Learned from The Union's Implementation Program

20 September 2023



The Union

Why focus on policy implementation?

Global progress in policy adoption BUT

Strong policies do not automatically equal strong compliance

More progress is needed in effective implementation and enforcement of policies

Without high compliance people are not protected from the harms of tobacco

Critical to know the level of compliance – and to better implement and enforce these policies



Program overview

Pilot in 7 cities in 4 countries:

- China: Qingdao and Lanzhou
- Indonesia: <u>Depok</u> and Yogyakarta
- India: Ranchi and Siliguri
- Pakistan: South and East Districts, Karachi

Policy focus on:

- Smokefree
- Tobacco advertising and products display bands at Point of Sale
- Tobacco Vendor Licensing (TVL)

Sharing learning and best practices (Global Hub)



Target outcomes

Increased **compliance** targeting 85% across venues or retailers

Improved coordination

More effective enforcement

Increased capacity

Streamlined violation reporting function

Regular monitoring and reporting of data

Increased public awareness and participation

Sustainability of tobacco control policy implementation

Measuring progress, monitoring and evaluation

- Regular reporting and monitoring of activities and progress, review meetings, identifying gaps, building accountability
- Situational assessments, gap analyses and strategic roadmaps
- Collection of local data (compliance monitoring, opinion polls, FGDs)
- Qualitative evaluation of program implementation through key stakeholder interviews in all cities
- External compliance surveys (baseline and endline)

Agenda

Overview of program (Kathy Wright, The Union) and compliance surveys (Dr Ryan David Kennedy, JHU)

City presentations:

- Qingdao, China Ms Qi Fei, Director, Health Education and Promotion Department, Qingdao Municipal CDC
- Ranchi, India Mr Rajiv Singh, State Tobacco Control Cell Consultant, Jharkhand
- **Depok City, Indonesia** Drs. Supian Suri MM, City Secretary
- Karachi, Pakistan (East District) Ms. Umamah Solangi (PAS), Assistant Commissioner, Ferozabad Karachi East

Q and A will follow the presentations

Demonstration of The Union's Tobacco Control Implementation Hub



A Quick Look at Qingdao







Qingdao is located on the west coast of the Pacific Ocean (Huanghai Sea), and the southern tip of Shandong Peninsula, facing South Korea and Japan across the sea to the east.



It has seven districts and three cities, with a land area of 11,282 square kilometers.



The resident population is 10,342,100.

The average life expectancy is 81.78 years.



Qingdao has many well-known enterprises, such as Tsingtao Beer, Haier, Hisense, Aucma, CRRC (CRRC Sifang), China COSCO (Qingdao COSCO) etc.

The first batch of coastal open cities in China, critical city along the "Belt and Road". Qingdao is known as the sailing capital of China, the beer city of the world, the film capital, the national civilized city, and the capital of Chinese brands.



Progress of the Municipal Tobacco Control Legislation

The process of the Qingdao Tobacco Control Legislation



1996

Regulations on Banning Smoking in Public Places in Qingdao

2008

Notice of Qingdao Municipal People's Government on Further Strengthening the Smoking Ban in Public Places



Qingdao Tobacco Control Regulations

- One of the 18 cities with Tobacco Control Regulations in China
- The first city in Shandong Province to introduce Tobacco Control Regulations



Qingdao was awarded the "Best Practice Award for Healthy Cities" by the 6th WHO Healthy Cities Summit

The 10th Anniversary of Qingdao Tobacco Control Regulations









2023

Key Provisions of the Qingdao Tobacco Control Regulations



- There are sixteen provisions in Qingdao
 Smoking Control Regulation
- Comprehensive smoke-free
- The PHCCO plays a leading coordination role in tobacco control law enforcement, with multiple tobacco control law enforcement agencies to enforce.
- Punishment
- Venues: 1,000 to 10,000 yuan (\$137-1370) will be imposed depending on the violation
- **Individuals:** If fails to stop smoking when required, will be rectified and fined 200 yuan **(\$27)**









Making progress towards a smokefree environment and enhance the effectiveness of the city's tobacco control mechanism

I. Extensive publicity to create a pro-tobacco control atmosphere



- Use mass media as an effective tool to promote tobacco control law implementation
 - Engage a group of journalists
 - Hold trainings for journalists
- Leverage various media resources to promote tobacco control
 - Mass media: TV, radio, newspapers, etc.
 - New media: WeChat, Weibo, Tik Tok, etc.
 - "Smoke-free Qingdao" website;
 - Health education materials for tobacco control with local characteristics.









I. Extensive publicity to create a pro-tobacco control atmosphere



Promote tobacco control at major events

 carry out media campaigns and organize themed events at major events such as WNTD, and the anniversary of the Tobacco Control Regulations (September 1st).

Use the city's resources to promote tobacco control

- LED screens at transportation stations (the airport, railway and bus stations), on the platforms and carriages of subways, long-distance coaches and buses
- Outdoor LED screens at intersections
- Screens in office buildings







 Start from smoke-free (SF) hospitals, SF government agencies, SF weddings, SF public institutions, SF schools, and SF families. Efforts are made to gradually promote the construction of a smoke-free environment.





SF Hospitals

SF Schools



- Joint efforts with departments of health, food and medicine, civil affairs, women's federations, etc., to sign contracts with a number of large hotels;
- Attracting great attention of both domestic and foreign media, was reported by The Wall Street Journal.











SF Government Agencies



 By the end of 2022, Qingdao had achieved full coverage of SF institutions, SF schools and SF medical institutions, and built 42 SF enterprises and 15,911 SF families.



SF Families



III. Improving the tobacco control policy, promoting tobacco control Implementation



- Standardize the pattern and display of no-smoking signs
- Unified supervision and reporting hotline
 - Government hotline 12345
 - "Cases are handled by the authority, following industry-specific management methods, with law enforcement measures"
 - Tobacco control complaint handling becomes part of the government KPI





III. Improving the tobacco control policy, promoting tobacco control Implementation



- Regular Coordination Meetings with Tobacco Control Enforcement Agencies
- The PHCCO holds regular meetings, dispatches various departments to carry out law enforcement inspections, discuss and solved issues;



IV. Strengthening supervision and law enforcement, improving the effectiveness



- Conduct tobacco control law enforcement training
 - For Law enforcement departments and key venues;
 - 1-2 times/year
- Organizing joint drive
 - Convening law enforcement agencies, people's congress and news media;
 - 2-3 times/year

√ Focus on government agencies, health agencies, hotels or above, restaurants, Internet cafes and entertainment venues.













IV. Strengthening supervision and law enforcement, improving the effectiveness



Promote tobacco control at major events

 "Olympic Games", "World Expo" and "Shanghai Cooperation Organization Summit"

Social mobilization

- Volunteers in smoke-free Health Institutions
- Smoking control persuasion and knowledge popularization
- Free consultation for cessation, with online publicity













V. Providing smoking cessation services along with the implementation of the law



The monitoring results in 2022 show that 17% of smokers intended to quit smoking in the next year, up by 3.4% from 2014.

- Setting standardized smoking cessation clinics at level II general hospitals and above, cancer hospitals and chest hospitals in the city;
- A smoking cessation contest among the general public;
- Exploring new models of community smoking cessation intervention.







Monitoring and evaluation generates evidence-based data to promote the development of smoke-free cities

Monitoring results: adult tobacco epidemic situation

Tall Onogao Smoke Atles

- In 2022, the smoking rate of adults aged 15 and above in Qingdao was 19.5%, 1.8 % lower than 2014 (21.3%).
- The number of smokers dropped from 1.92 million in 2014 to 1.67 million in 2022, a decrease of 250,000.
- Compared with 2014, the proportion of smokers in restaurants, public transport, primary and secondary schools and medical institutions decreased in 2022.
- Public awareness of the dangers of smoking and secondhand smoke has increased.
- The awareness rate and support rate of the Tobacco Control Regulations have increased.

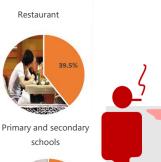


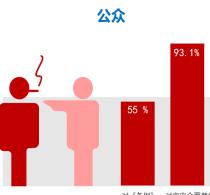


Public transport



Medical institutions





Monitoring results: legal compliance effect assessment

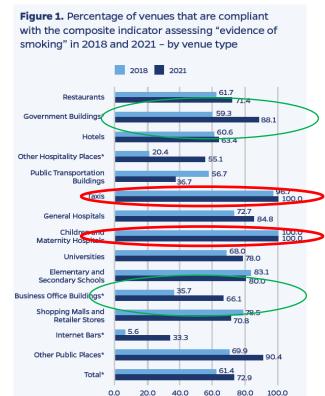


Indicators to monitor evidence of smoking

- 1. observed smoking
- 2. cigarette butts
- 3. smoking tools such as ashtrays

Results

- In 2021 (73%), the number of non-smoking places that comply with the metrics to monitor smoking evidence increased significantly, compared with 2018 (61%);
- In 2021, all maternal and child hospitals and taxis observed complied with the regulations;
- From 2018 to 2021, the compliance rates of government buildings, business office buildings, Internet cafes, other entertainment venues, and other public places have significantly improved.



Compliance with smoke-free policies in public places in Qingdao, China, 2018 vs. 2021(Johns Hopkins University, 2022)

Monitoring results: Current situation of tobacco disease burden



Analysis of the change of admission rate of cardiovascular and cerebrovascular diseases, to evaluate the legislation's effect.

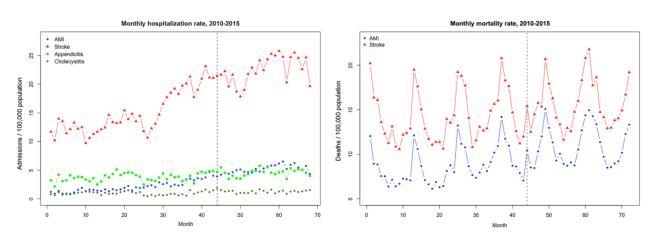


Figure 1 Observed monthly hospitalization rate by diagnosis and mortality rate by cause in Qingdao (2010–15). The dashed line refers to the month of smoke-free legislation enforcement. Monthly admissions/mortality rates are displayed weekly for a clearer visual representation of the trend [Colour figure can be viewed at wileyonlinelibrary.com]

After the implementation of the smoke-free regulations, the hospitalization risk for acute myocardial infarction and stroke decreased by 20% and 8% on average every year, respectively. In the two years after the implementation of the smoke-free regulations, the hospitalization rate for acute myocardial **infarction** decreased by **11%**.



Lessons learned, Challenges and Countermeasures

Lessons learned and take-aways



- 1. National policies and campaigns are the **foundation** for promoting tobacco control.
 - "Healthy China Initiative (2019-2030)", "Healthy City Building" and "Civilized City Building".
- 2. People's support are the **key** to promote tobacco control.

The tobacco control regulations are supported by the public.

The Standing Committee of Qingdao Municipal People's Congress received 100% support for the legislation.

3. Major events provide golden opportunities to promote tobacco control.

Smoke-free (SF) Olympics, SF World Expo, Shanghe Summit, Navy Festival and Boao Health Forum.

4. Partnerships provide valuable help to promote tobacco control.

"Smoke-free City Project", "Tobacco Control Legislation Promotion Project", "Vital Strategies Tobacco Control Mass Media Campaign", "UNION Tobacco Control Legislation and Law Enforcement Project", etc.

Challenges and countermeasures



Challenge 1: The smoking rate is still high, volume is large. Smoking behavior is regarded as a habit, and there is an increase in the rate of smoking among teenagers and females.

Challenge 2: Tobacco control legislation is local and does not enter the "mainstream" of enforcement;

Challenge 3: It is difficult to obtain evidence of smoking behavior for law enforcement purposes; it is

difficult to implement tobacco control law enforcement penalties by dissuading first and then punishing

later;

Challenge 4: Gaming with tobacco companies has always existed.

Countermeasure 1: Increase awareness of the dangers of tobacco and provide cessation services;

Countermeasure 2: Local legislation forms a model to promote the introduction of tobacco control legislation at the national and provincial levels;

Countermeasure 3: Mobilise the government to upgrade the human, material and financial security of the tobacco control law enforcement authorities; amend the law in due course and improve the regulations to make the law easier to implement;

Countermeasure 4: Timely response to tobacco business gaming.



TOBACCO VENDOR LICENSING (TVL) AND TAPS BAN POLICY IMPLEMENTATION IN RANCHI, JHARKHAND

PRESENTED BY: SHRI RAJIV KUMAR

CONSULTANT-NATIONAL TOBACCO CONTROL PROGRAM (NTCP),

STATE TOBACCO CONTROL CELL

RANCHI, JHARKHAND

BURDEN OF TOBACCO USE IN JHARKHAND

- ☐ Jharkhand: one of the highest rates of tobacco use in the country with 38.9% of the adults being current tobacco users, against a national average of 28.6%
- □ GATS 2016-17 results indicated significant progress in the state (decrease by 11.2% from 50.1% in GATS 1 to 38.9% in GATS 2); however overall burden remains very high.
- □ To complement the national law The Cigarettes and Other Tobacco Products Act, 2003 (COTPA, 2003) & strengthen other existing tobacco control measures in Jharkhand, Ranchi Municipal Corporation notified Tobacco Vendor Licensing Policy in 25th April 2018



कार्यालयः राँची नगर निगम, राँची।

(स्वस्थिय शाध्या) कच्छरी रोड, रॉची, पिन-834001 E-mail:-support@ranchimunicipal.com दिनांक: 25/ 2018

पत्रांकः 234/स्वा

आदेश

प्यात सरकार प्रात जन्मनु पानोग को निर्माण पर इसने होगे वाले कैसारी में बारियों के वानवार को कान के दोना में शिवार की बार पाना प्रात्य (कियान का वालिय की बार माना पाना विकास प्रात्य (कियान का विकास प्रात्य के विकास का विकास के विकास के विकास का विकास के विकास करने के विकास के वितास के विकास के विकास

अवस्थानी पूर्व कर्मा पात्र के बावों को उपस्था उपरांदी की प्राथमका पात्र बहुत सामी के प्रदेश के वाकार मांकार पात्र पात्र कर किए 10.0 No Politic/Pulcativite, Even क्षेत्र कर किए प्रदेश किएनर 2017 के सामक से पूर्विक रिका गात है कि उपस्था एपपाट का विकास करने मार्च पुरांत पात्र के प्रदेश के स्थाप करने मार्च पुरांत पात्र के प्रदेश करने का प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश करने प्रदेश करने के प्रवाद के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश करने प्रदेश करने प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश करने प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश करने प्रदेश के प्रदेश करने प्रदेश के प्रदेश करने करने का सुकार विकास के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रदेश के प्रवाद के प्रदेश के प्रवाद के प्रदेश के प्रवाद के प्रदेश के प्रवाद के प्रदेश क

विशेष्ट हो कि अववस्कों एवं किशोरों को उत्साव्यू से दूर रखने के उद्देश्य से महिला एवं बाल किशास मंत्रालय का किशोरा त्याय (इस्त देख्याना और संस्क्रा) अविभिन्नम 2015 के अनुकार 16 साल से कम यहा के क्क्से को किसी प्रकार का मादक / नशीला पदार्थ, तम्बाकू उत्साव सेवर्ग पर 7 साल की कैंद्र एवं 1 ताल करवी राक के जुलांची का प्राच्यान हैं।

अतः झारखण्य नगरवासिका अधिनियम 2011 में प्रदात शक्तियों का प्रयोग करते हुए, जगहित में, किसी भी प्रकार के तम्बाकु उत्पाद का विरुगन, मण्डारण, वैकिंग, प्रसंस्करण, सफाई, विर्निमाण (किसी मी विवि ह्वारा) रोपी नगर नियम क्षेत्र के अन्तर्गत दिना साइसेन्स/अनुवारि अववा अनुमति के





ताव ही लाहर्रमम् अनुवारित चारक तम्बाक् विक्रोण इसरकार कारपारिका क्रीमिन्य 2011 का संवाद के अनुवारत करते हुए शिगरेट और कार पाबच्च स्थाप अधिनियम (COTPA) 2003, जाव संवाद जीविनियम 2006 एवं बात विकास मंत्रादय का विक्रोण नाम (बात देवमान और संवाद) क्रीमिन्य 2015 का उस्स्थाप नहीं कोरी तथा तमाब्यू उत्पाद की दुकानों पर टीफी, केंग्डी, विन्त संवाद करते हमार्थिक हमार्थिक विकास करते हमार्थिक स्थाप

यदी कोई आपारी, दुकालाहर, पूरात किंका मिली की प्रकार के तफक्त उत्तर का विकार न्यारण, पेकिए, प्रतंत्रकण, समझे, किंगिना, किंदी मी किंदी हाण, करते हुए पास्त तकते हैं से उसके विकार कारायान गणपातिका अविभिन्न 2011 की बात बंध, 446 पर 466 के अनुस्य प्रकारक कार्याई की आपारी। 18मी तरह के तमानु का तफक्त उत्तर केले की सामारी, पुरुवाना, रूटकर किंदी, पीकी गण निमान के साईकील-/अनुस्रित अच्छा अनुस्ति प्रतंत्र कर तमानु, उत्तर वर्ष किंदी

यह आदेश ततकात प्रमाय से लागू होगा।

ह०/-नगर आयुक्त राँगी नगर निगम।

हापाक / रॉमी दिनांक शाखा प्रभारी, बाजार शाखा, रॉमी नगर निगम को सूचनार्थ एवं निर्देश है कि निर्मत किए जाने बाते द्रेव-लाईसेन्स के प्रकारानों में उस्त जादेश का शत-प्रतिगत अनुवातन करना सुनिश्चित

अपर नगर अध्युका/चन नगर अध्युका/कारपक कार्यमातक पदाधिकारी, रचासम्प विकित्ता पदाधिकारी, /मुख्य अभियता/अधीकन अमियंता/कारी कार्यमात अधीकार अभियंता/नगर निकेशक/कार्यमात अधीकार निकेशक/कार्यमात अधीकार निकेशक/कार्यमात अधीकार निकेशक/कार्यमात अधीकार निकेशक (अधीकार निकेशक) कार्यमात अधीव निकेशक विकास कार्यमात कार्यमात अधीव निकेशक विकास कार्यमात कार्यम कार्यमात कार्यम कार्यम कार्यम कार्यम कार्यम कार्यम कार्यम कार्य

ह०/-नगर आयुक्त राँभी नगर निगम

व्यापक 284 (न्याः, राँची दिशाक 25/04/18 श्री दीमक निशा, कार्यक्तक निदेशक शाँशियो इकारांपिक एण्ड ऐपुकेशनत डेकार्गीयमेट सोसाइटी (सीक्श), आरखण्ड को सुवनार्थ प्रेषितः ।

तिर्तिषः जिता कुछ निकास पद्मिकाचै नह-विज्ञ नोजत पद्मिकाचै, तन्माकू नियंत्रम कार्यक्रम रीवी को सुक्तार्थ एवं अनुव्यतनार्थ प्रेषितः। उपानुक्त नव-अध्यक्ष, जिता तन्माकू नियंत्रम सम्मयम् समिति, रीवी को सुक्तार्थ प्रेषितः।

रहाय : जचाजुरतः —काः -अध्यक्षः, श्रात्तां तमाक्षुं, नवदान सम्मच्य सामान्य सामान्य स्था वा पूर्वभागा कामान्य सि विकितः प्रधान सर्विद्यः नगर विकास विमानः वासार्वण्याः सरकार के सादार सूनमार्व प्रवेदाः स्थिति : प्रधान सर्विद्यः स्थाव विक सिक एवं पन कक दिमागः, वारस्वण्यः सरकारः, वीकी को सावर सूममार्थः

प्रतिलिपि : मुख्य समिव, झारखण्ड सरकार को सादर सूचनार्थ प्रेषित।





BACKGROUND: WHY ADOPT TVL AND TAPS BAN POLICY?

- Despite its significance to enforce the law, sale of tobacco products at Point of Sale (POS) is completely unregulated in Ranchi.
- Presence of ubiquitous unregistered Tobacco shops in Ranchi - causes easy accessibility and availability of tobacco products for youth
- POS/shops: an important medium to promote tobacco products by the tobacco industry
- Ranchi with a population of 15 lakhs, youth especially (15+ years), highly vulnerable to tobacco use

- hence TVL/TAPS Ban policy







ACTIVITIES AND INTERVENTIONS UNDER THE PROGRAM

1. Built institutional structure at municipal corporation

- Formation of a technical committee for TVL/TC control management & coordination
- Appointment of a designated nodal officer to ensure smooth operations
- Notification of City Enforcement Squads to conduct inspections and raids at POS

2. Conducted capacity building training & review meetings (06)

- Acquainted officers with provisions of Jharkhand Municipality Act, 2011 & Jharkhand Municipal Trade License Regulation, 2017
- Conducted hands-on training in field prior to conduction of every enforcement drive – reinforcing protocols, knowledge & understanding of law by enforcement officers





ACTIVITIES AND INTERVENTIONS UNDER THE PROGRAM

- **3. Established key partnerships** multi-stakeholder engagement with: district TCC, state TCC, police & district administration
- **4. Created coordination mechanism** between key stakeholders to establish a well-functioning system, monitor program progress & created a reporting mechanism for focused intervention at POS
- 5. Raised public and community awareness regarding TAPS ban/TVL by issuing public notices; conducting miking campaign
- 6. Conducted **six-monthly review meetings** to monitor and track the progress of program implementation

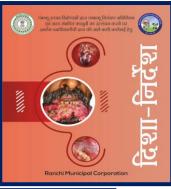




KEY ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER THE PROGRAM

- RMC Developed TVL operational guidelines (Standard operating procedure): Ist jurisdiction across the nation to create such a document
- Developed a ready reckoner/pocket diary for field enforcement officers to reminisce COTPA and TVL/TAPS ban law
 Ist city in country to create this document
- Created a robust online tobacco vendor license issuing mechanism (I st of its kind in India – creation of formats (selfdeclaration form, application form, license certificate)
- Developed Checklist for Tax inspectors for verification of POS applied for TVL license







KEY ACHIEVEMENTS UNDER THE PROGRAM

- 5. Regularly Conducted weekly enforcement drives for TAPS removal and COTPA compliance:
 - a. Overall, 30 enforcement drives conducted;
 - b. 400+ POS/shops inspected;
 - c. TAPS removed at 191+ POS;
 - d. 146 POS warned for TAPS ban violation;
 - e. 105 sanctions issued in various sections of COTPA from which 20,550 INR fines collected by Ranchi Municipal Corporation throughout the program period
- >200 Tobacco License applications received by RMC throughout project period; about 103 Exclusive tobacco licenses stand approved and issued by RMC till date

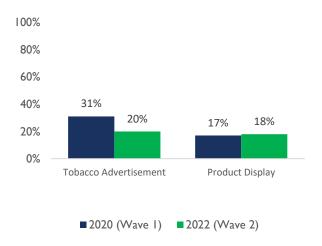


Tobacco License Snapshot by RMC				
Year	Number of Application	Approved Licence	Pending	
2020	I	I	0	
2021	39	15	24	
2022	93	59	34	
2023 (Till March)	46	28	18	
Total	179	103	76	

IMPACT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

- Reduction in number of tobacco vendors from 374 tobacco in 2020, to 341 vendors in 2022 across all the 53 wards in Ranchi
- Over 40% decrease in the number of vendors observed displaying some form of tobacco advertisement, with 31% (n=115) in 2020 as compared to 20% (n=68) in 2022.
- Among different types of tobacco advertisements (such as poster/sticker/banners/boards, etc.) posted on the outside of vendors, indirect advertisements such as tobacco brand layouts, patterns, color schemes, and logos showed an overall decrease (2020: 25%, n=93; Vs 2022: 9%, n=31).

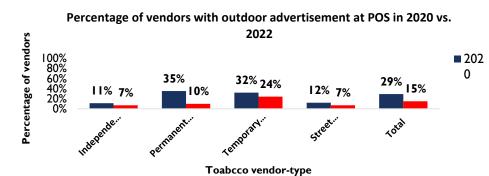
Figure 2: Percentage of advertisement and product display in 2020 vs 2022, in Ranchi

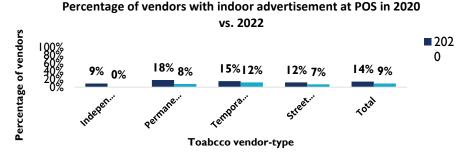


IMPACT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

- Outdoor Advertisement: Approximately 15% of tobacco vendors had outdoor tobacco advertisements in 2022, versus 29% during 2020.
 - Outdoor advertising decreased in all vendor types; the greatest change was seen among permanent kiosks (2020: 35%; 2022: 10%).

- Indoor Advertisement: Nearly 14% of tobacco vendors had indoor tobacco advertisements in 2020 Vs. 8% in 2022.
 - Indoor advertising decreased in all vendor types;
 - Greatest decreases were seen among permanent kiosks (2020: 18%; 2022: 8%), and independent stores/supermarkets where all indoor advertising was eliminated (2020: 9%; 2022: 0%).





IMPACT OF PROGRAM ACTIVITIES

- Improved Intra department (licensing, revenue, enforcement, etc.) and Interdepartmental (district TCC, district administration, police administration, academic etc.) coordination, especially for conducting joint enforcement drives
- Establishment of a rooster for conducting every weekly enforcement drives
- Establishment of reporting mechanism every fortnightly with DTCC team on submitting challan fines and discussing enforcement data
- Improved community and public awareness regarding harms of tobacco use





Directive by Ranchi municipal corporation to conduct 01 weekly enforcement drive pertaining to TAPS ban, TVL and COTPA enforcement issued in Nov 2021.

CHALLENGES

- Tobacco Industry tactics letters (3000-4000) sent to RMC & state TCC office & CM office through vendor's association and front groups appealing the government to revoke TVL policy; protesting on roads and outside municipal corporation office
- Stay on the state TVL order not mandating license requirement by the vendors due to lack of a uniform SOP across all the Urban Local Bodies (ULBs); affected enforcement of TVL within Ranchi Municipal area
- State Elections and other pushing national priorities/urgencies: COVID-19 pandemic, plastic ban initiative, 'Sarkar Aapke Dwar' campaign (aimed at addressing common man's grievances while launching other developmental schemes, etc.).
- COTPA fines amount being too low to be impactful and creating fear amongst vendors



LESSONS LEARNED

- Strong commitment from city leadership is required for effective implementation of the law;
- State orders and operational guidelines contributed to clear processes & protocol establishment;
- Good coordination between departments enabled regularity in inspections;
- Routine capacity building, including refresher trainings before enforcement drives contributed to increased knowledge of procedures for new enforcement officers.
- Ranchi's success being recognized at the regional and national level facilitated & encouraged the continued implementation of the law.
- Need for a more integrated and formalized system





IN SUMMARY

- The TVL /TAPS Ban program in Ranchi faced MANY challenges: such as COVID
 -19 delays, resource limitations, and tobacco industry interference.
- Despite the challenges, there were clear facilitators that supported implementation and good progress was made
- The city of Ranchi had good political support, useful SOPs, and overall, the Tobacco Vendor Licensing (TVL) program helped raise the city's profile nationally.
- Support for tobacco control work in Ranchi reportedly expanded, as the harms of tobacco were better understood and awareness activities continued.
- With coordinated efforts, Ranchi City can expect to further improve compliance with COTPA and TVL policies.



WAY FORWARD

- 1. Initiate issuing sanctions under the TVL Order, while maintaining regular enforcement of COTPA and TAPS Ban at POS.
- 2. Continue to conduct routine trainings with municipal and enforcement officers.
- 3. Ensure COTPA activities and inspections are reported in a timely manner to District TCC and implement a municipal reporting mechanism for tobacco vendor licenses.
- 4. Integrate tobacco control into overlapping city initiatives (such as livelihood programs, smart city mission).
- 5. Provide educational materials for vendors and the public to educate on the harms of tobacco and rights and responsibilities under COTPA and TVL.





■Thank You!











Implementation of
Tobacco-Smoke Free Policy: Lesson
Learned from Depok City

Drs. Supian Suri, MM City Secretary of Depok City Indonesia















Mision

Vision

"Depok, Prosperous, Cultured, and Prosperous."





"Enhancing Technology-Based and Environmentally-Aware Infrastructure Development."



"Enhancing Modern and Participatory Governance and Public Services."



"Realizing a Religious and Cultured Society Based on Diversity and Family Resilience."



"Realizing a Prosperous, Self-Reliant, and Competitive Society."



"Creating a Healthy, Safe, Orderly, and Comfortable City."









"Indonesia is the third largest country in the world for cigarette consumption, after India and China."



"Smoking prevalence in school-aged children aged 13-15 years increasing from 18.3% (2016) to 19.2% (2019)"

CONTEXT

70,2 million



"people use tobacco, and there was a tenfold increase in the use of electronic cigarettes in 2021 (GATS 2021)."

"Smoking prevalence in the aged 10-18 years increasing

from 7,2% (2013) to 9,1% (2018)

Basic Health Research, 2013 & 2018)



In Depok

"The proportion of daily first-time smokers in the age group of 10-19 years old is 61.86% (Basic Health Research, 2018), which increased 2.76% compared to 2013 data: 59.10%."













Depok Mayor Regulation Number 126 year 2016 concerning Technical Guidelines on Supervision and Control of Smokefree Areas



Mayor Decree

Mayor Decree Number 821.27/271/Kpts/Dinkes/Legal/2023 on the Supervision and Development Team of Smoke-Free Areas in Depok City

Mayor Circular Letter

- Circular Letter Number 300/357 Satpol PP on the Prohibition of Tobacco Products Displays, Ban Tobacco Advertising, Promotion and Sponsorship
- Circular Letter No. 440/258-Dinkes on the Implementation of Smoke-Free Areas



Smokefree has been regulated since 2014. In 2020, Depok advancing our regulation which includes:







- 1. Strengthening tobacco advertising, promotion, and sponsorship ban including to ban tobacco product display at the point of sales;
- 2. The expansion of cigarette types including sisha, vapes, and/or other electronic cigarettes;
- 3. Strengthening the administrative sanction which include removal of tobacco ads



4. Addition of article prohibiting children under the age of 18 to sell, buy, or consume tobacco







Smokefree Task Force Team

Mayor Assistant for Governance and Social Welfare

Region 1

- Place of Worship
- Children playground
- Educational Facilities

Mayor Assistant for economic and development assistant

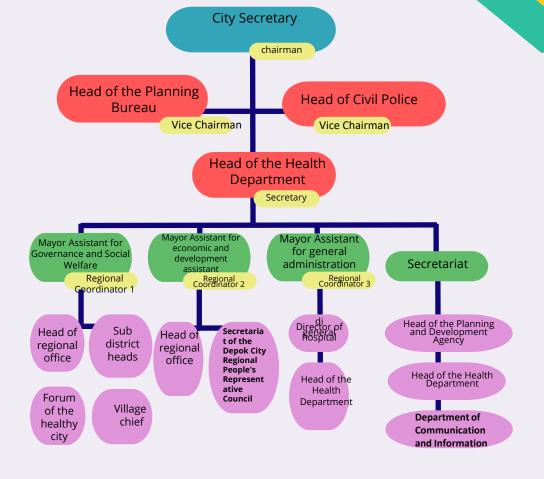
Region 2

- Public Places
- Workplaces
- Public Transportation

Mayor Assistant for general administration

Region 3

Healthcare facilities









City Efforts on Improving the Compliance Level









Collaboration













Collaboration with the Penta Helix, including NGOs, namely The Union & No Tobacco Community

Strategies to improve the compliance level





Community Education



Community Protection



Support To Quit Smoking



Supervision including •Monitoring and **Evaluation**





SMOKE-FREE FLAGSHIP PROGRAM

Smokefree Coordination Meeting



Smoking Cessation Clinic



Public Awareness



Smokefree Reward and Appreciation for SF Venues









Smokefree Young Generation



Smoke-Free Village



Smokefree monitoring and random inspection



Smokefree Compliance Monitoring Dashboard





Before and After Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship Ban





BEFORE AFTER



Ban Tobacco Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship have NO Impact to the Local Revenue

Year	Numbers of Tobacco Advertisements	Advertisement Revenue (IDR)	Total Local Revenue (IDR)
2011	245	8.101.362.233	282.747.544.886,76
2012	278	8.059.163.214	474.705.361.540,18
2013	247	8.092.292.320	581.207.570.935,26
2014	307	8.778.299.845	659.173.522.492,23
2015	0	10.009.862.247	818.204.601.264,96
2016	0	10.159.113.228	922.297.784.280,15
2017	0	11.438.416.719	1.210.748.605.561,14
2018	0	12.586.819.937	1.059.700.280.693,72
2019	0	20.006.780.752	1.293.003.769.037,00
2020	0	28.672.891.179	1.214.939.201.530,00
2021	0	32.376.819.888	1.541.629.119.039,00
2022	0	36.857.205.819	1.642.228.601.282,00

Source: Depok Finance Agency, 2022



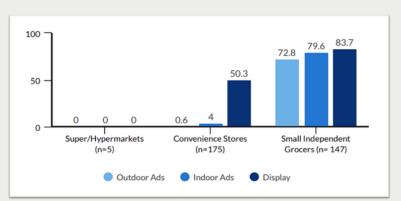






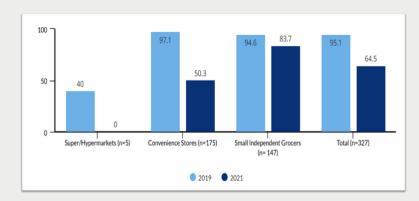
Level of Compliance on TAPS and Display Ban between 2019 & 2021

"Compliance Percentage with the Ban on Outdoor and Indoor Advertising, Promotion, and Sponsorship, as well as the Ban on Tobacco Product Displays by Retail Type (Supermarkets, Convenience Stores, and Small Retailers) in Depok, Indonesia, between 2019 and 2021."



- Supermarkets/hypermarkets have completely eliminated cigarette advertisements and product displays.
- Convenience stores have nearly eliminated cigarette advertisements, but half of them still display cigarette products.
- The majority of small retailers still display cigarette products

"Percentage of Retailers Displaying Tobacco Products in Supermarkets, Convenience Stores, and Small Retailers in Depok, Indonesia, Before and After the Intervention between 2019 and 2021."



- Overall, the percentage of retailers displaying tobacco products decreased from 95% in 2019 to 65% in 2021 among all observed retailers.
- The reduction in tobacco product displays was found in each type of retailer.

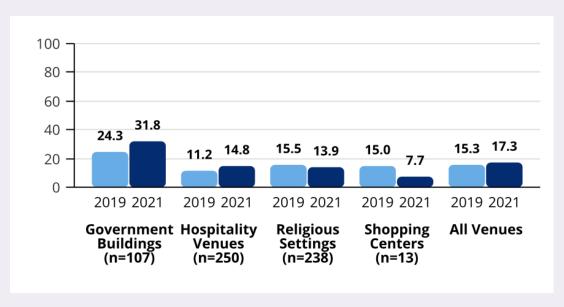








Compliance with the Smokefree Law in Depok between 2019 & 2021



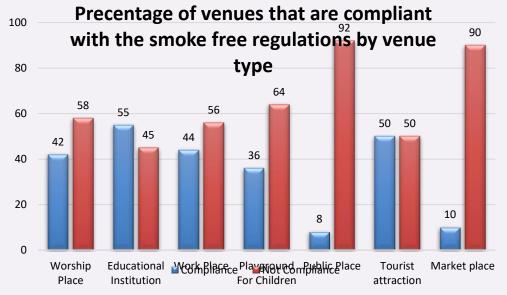
Percentage of venues that are compliant with the smoke free regulations by venue type in 2019 and 2021 (Johns Hopkins Bloomberg School of Public Health Compliance Study)







Smokefree Random Inspection 1023



"More than 1,500 venues inspected"

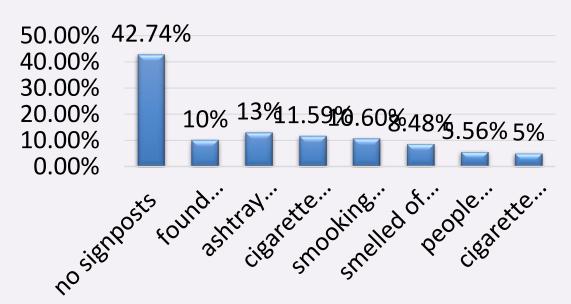
The implementation strategy of the smoke-free regulations involves active collaboration with all stakeholders between Healthy Depok City Forum and Healthy Sub-District Forum, Cadre, monitoring, supervision, coaching, enforcement, engage with media, services, and innovation.







Smokefree Random Inspection in 2023



Major contribution to the low compliance: absence of no smoking signage (42.74%)."

Compliance Based on Indicators







Challenges on **Smokefree Policy Implementation**



STRENGHTENING PUBLIC **AWARENESS & COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION**



CROSS-SECTOR COLLABORATION



IMPROVING COMPLIANCE, **ESPECIALLY IN** RETAIL/CONVENIENCE STORES FOR TAPS BAN and IN PUBLIC PLACES FOR SMOKEFREE



REMOVING ILLEGAL TOBACCO ADS, PROMOTIONS. **SPONSORSHIP**

















KEY SUCCESS Implementation of Smokefree Policy in Depok



Leader's Commitment



Regulatory Support



Resources Support



Active Community Participation



Penta Helix collaboration



Innovation



Monitoring and Evaluation



Acknowledgment of Achievement







Thank you, and stay healthy!





TOBACCO SMOKE FREE KARACHI







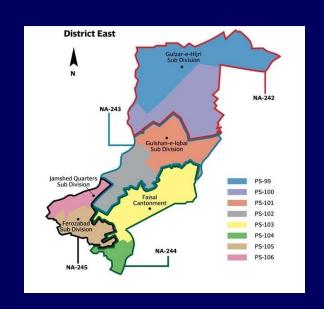
Sequence of Presentation

- ☐ Introduction to the Law and City
- A summary of key achievements
- ☐ The impact of interventions
- ☐ Challenges faced and how they were overcome
- Lessons learned and recommendations for other cities

Introduction to the Law and City

KARACHI DISTRICT EAST

- One of 7 administrative districts of Karachi
- Administration
 - 1 Deputy Commissioner
 - ☐ 2 Additional Deputy Commissioners,
 - 4 Assistant Commissioners
- □ Population : 2.74 million
- □ Sub. Divisions : 4



"SMOKE FREE KARACHI": (EAST)

- A replication/Adoption of Tobacco Smoke Free Islamabad Model Initiated on March 2020 and joint collaboration of:
 - ☐ Ministry of National Health Services Regulation & Coordination
 - ☐ The Commissioner Office Karachi
 - ☐The Union

"Prohibition of Smoking" & "Protection of Non-smokers' Health" Ordinance 2002

Section 5.....No Smoking at Public Places Section 6.....No Smoking in Public Service Vehicles Section 7.....No Tobacco Advertisements. Promotions & Sponsorship Section 8 No sale to minors (Under 18 years) Section 9No sale within 50 meters of teaching institutes Section 10 ... Display and Exhibition of boards

No Sale of loose Cigarettes

Key Achievements

"LAUNCH OF SMOKE-FREE KARACHI"

9TH March, 2020



Key Achievements

1. Strengthened coordination and capacity

- Notified Karachi Implementation and Monitoring Committee (KIMC) chaired by the Worthy Commissioner Karachi. Annual meetings held. Workplan for Karachi adopted by KIMC.
- Notified the District Implementation and Monitoring Committee (DIMC), Task Force for Enforcement, and Tobacco Control Cell in Karachi (East). Quarterly meetings held. Workplan adopted by DIMC.
- Established a Tobacco Control Desk at the Commissioner's Office for Karachi, a strategic win for sustainability.
- Identified 22 focal persons and 44 Master Trainers across District East departments; Training of Trainers conducted for all Master Trainers and cascade trainings held in all departments.

TOTs with Master Trainers



Training of Trainers (TOTs) for Karachi (East) conducted at Social Welfare Training Institute, Government of Sindh. All Focal Persons / Master Trainers attended the training session. Additional Deputy Commissioner / Focal Person for Tobacco Control was the Chief Guest.

Dr. Minhaj Us Siraj, PD gave his presentation on SF Cities.







Karachi Administration Visit to model Tobacco Smoke Free City Islamabad and Murree





Key Achievements

2. Raised public awareness

- Mega Awareness Campaign in 2022 including Tobacco Smoke Free Karachi information billboards, moppies, public buses. Events with civil society organizations and universities.
- Organized large-scale events including Smoke Free Karachi Cycle Rally / Marathon, Sindh Boy Scouts Smoke Free Walk and annual Art Exhibitions on World No Tobacco Day with over 1000 schools / colleges / universities participating.
- Established civil society coalition with 20 organizations.
- Letters of Intent signed with major universities and organizations to support Tobacco-Smoke Free Karachi.

Public awareness



Sindh Boy Scouts Walk



Cycling Sunday with Commissioner



News Supplement WNTD 2022 "The News"













WORLD NO TOBACCO DAY 2022

Message by Abdul Qadir Patel ederal Minister for National Health Services, Regulations









existence." The carrieges and set that description is series as a company of the time of the company of c

cor Day Assent from the WHO's Exstern Mediternament including actions 250 chemicals known to be tools or cause carcon.







Additional Commissioner II Message or World No Tobacco Day 2022











Art exhibition

www.tsfc.gov.pk II /tobaccosmokefreecities - TobaccoSmokeFreeCapital Help line: 0336 565 5654

Partnership with Indus University Karachi



Signing Letter of Intent for supporting Tobacco Smoke Free Karachi

Social media activists



Key Achievements

3. Increased enforcement

- Mapping of all public places.
- 1119 joint raids were conducted by the Karachi (South / East) Police on 4709 Point of Sales (POS) and food outlets. 1853 cases were registered and 2029 arrests were made.
- During the raids, 1.7 million rupees / 7,428 USD of fines were imposed on Venue Managers and 146.2 million rupees / 658,569 USD worth of Illicit tobacco Items were confiscated.
- Mega Enforcement Campaign conducted in 2022 with increased inspections in hotels, restaurants and retailers.

Mega Enforcement Campaign









DECLARATION OF SMOKE FREE PUBLIC PLACES

Public Places	Quantity
Hotels / Restaurants	808
Public Offices (Minister, Secretary offices/Divisional/ District Administrations/Departments/DMCs)	330
Public Parks / Amusement Centers / Snooker Club	57
Schools / Colleges / Universities	209
Union Counsels / Health Facilities	123
Police Stations / Traffic sections	94
Point of Sales	1567
Total	3188

Commissioner Complex Karachi

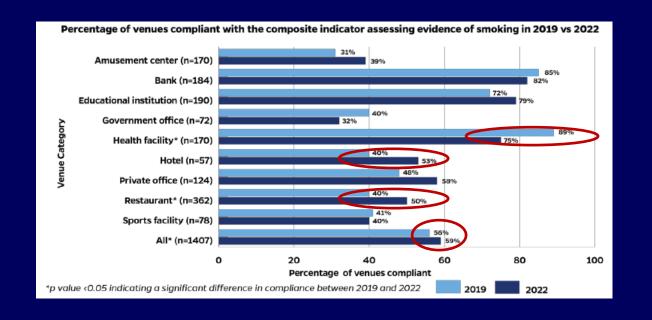


Impact of interventions

Impact of Interventions

- Smoke Free Leadership emerged and Coordination among district departments improved
- Capacity of Focal Persons / Authorised Officers improved
- Public awareness improved
- Compliance Improved
 - Baseline (2019) and End-line (2022) conducted by Johns Hopkins University Institute for Global Tobacco Control
 - Overall compliance improved over time across all venues
 - By venue type, compliance at restaurants increased and compliance at health facilities decreased

Compliance by venue in Karachi (East and South Districts) – 2019 vs. 2022



Challenges faced and how they were overcome

Challenge	Counter
COVID Pandemic	 Office Desk work enhanced Notifications, Committees formulations Directions issued to align departments
Frequent Transfer and Posting	SF Team at Ministry played a vital role to train new leadership on SF Interventions
To make Tobacco Control a priority	 Repeated Quarterly meetings SF Team met Karachi leadership on monthly basis, Visit to Islamabad SF Islamabad Model: An inspiration
Flood, Cricket Matches, National Activities	 Administration worked through Focal Persons for TC activities Food Authority focused on hotels / restaurants and Monitoring Activities

A Challenge In Law To Overcome Through Alternative Law

(Current Compliance at PSVs)

E- ticket issued by Traffic

Wardens on violations of

smoking in PSVs under Sub

Section of 15 / 46



E-Challan

Printed Date:09-Nov-21 02:26 PM Issuance Date:09-Nov-21 02:26 PM Violation Type:Primary Violation:Ignoring rules for which pen

Violation: Ignoring rules for which pen alty is not prescribed (Driving vehicle in violation of law / rules not otherwise provided. (Misc/Others) (15))(46)
Traffic Section : Cantt

Ticketing Officer : GHULAM SARWA

Offender Name : ASLAM

Book No#: 195720 Ticket No#: 19571915

Vehicle Type : Motor Car(71) Vehicle No# : BA5782 Document Type : Vehicle Detain

Document No#

Mobile Number : 0000000000

Challan Amount : 500

Service Charges: 20 inclusive of tax

Total Amount: 520

Now you can pay your Traffic Challan at any selected Traffic Sections across Karachi City. Please Obey Traffic Laws Ord: For further info (Section 1997) Programment Send SMS KTP TicketNo to 9460 For example: KTP 123 to 9460 or www.a2zepayments.com

Collect your Document within 7 days
Collect your Document within 7 days

Enforcement of TCLs

CHALLAN NO.

Due date. (Treasury / Sub Treasury)

Challan of eash paid into the ASSISTANT COMMISSIONER ARAM BAGH at M. A Jinnah Road Branch Karaichi

TR 6 (Treasury Rute 92)

National Bank of Pakistan

01-05-2022

Lessons Learned & Recommendations for other Cities

Lessons Learned

- Political Commitment for Tobacco Control should be mandatory
- Officials at Pakistan Administrative Services / Pakistan Police Services must be trained on TC
- Indigenous Research to set the TC Priorities
- Dedication of a small SF Team is Incredible / Acknowledged

Recommendations

Following recommendations for SF Cities are:

Comprehensive Legislation

Formation of a Forum at District Level (DIMCs / Task Force)

❖ Road Map /Plan of Action for SF City

Monitoring / Enforcement Mechanism and Data Collection

Recommendations (cont)

- Collaboration among Stakeholders
- Strong Community Engagement through effective Communication and Education

- Public Reporting Mechanisms
- Strict Enforcement and Penalties of Tobacco Control Laws to achieve better compliance



Thank You

International Union Against Tuberculosis and Lung Disease

Thank you

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